

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

> ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT **FORM X-17A-5 PART III**

SEC Mall Processing Section

SEC FILE NUMBER 8-66551

OMB APPROVAL OMB Number: 3235-0123

Expires: February 28, 2010

Estimated average burden

hours per response . . . 12.00

MAR - 4 2008

FACING PAGE

Washington Differential Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Fursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	01/01/07	AND ENDING	12/31/07
REPORT FOR THE PERSON BELLEVILLE	MM/DD/YY	_	MM/DD/YY
A. Ri	EGISTRANT IDEN	TIFICATION	
NAME OF BROKER - DEALER:			OFFICIAL USE ONLY
CARTER ADDISCULO			FIRM ID. NO.
CMZ TRADING, LLC ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINES	S: (Do not use P.O. Box	No.)	
141 West Jackson Blvd Suite 3310			
	(No. and Street)		
Chicago	Illinois	60604	
(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)	
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSO	N TO CONTACT IN RE	GARD TO THIS REF	PORT
			312-291-0560
Jacqueline Sloan			(Area Code - Telephone No.)
		THE PARTY OF THE P	
В. АС	COUNTANT IDE	TIFICATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose	opinion is contained in the	nis Report*	
Robert Cooper & Company CPAs, P.C.			
(Nar	ne - if individual, state last, f	irst, middle name)	
AAS TV. A V. alaan Dland Cuite 2045	Chicago	П	60604
141 West Jackson Blvd. Suite 2045 (Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
C ,			ROCESSED` / /
CHECK ONE:			MAR 2 8 2008\
X Certified Public Accountant		T'	TAIL S D ZOUS /
Public Accountant			THOMSON /
Accountant not resident in United	I States or any of its p	oossessions.	FINANCIAL ' '
	FOR OFFICIAL I	JSE ONLY	

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)

^{*} Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I,Charles Maylee	, swear (or affirm) the	at, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statemen	s and supporting schedules pertaining to	the firm of
CMZ Trading, LLC	, as of December 31	, 200′
are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the director has any proprietary interest in any account classified so		
	447	
_	Signature	/
	Managing Member Title	
Notary Public No	Claims of Creditors. ments Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. Equirements Under Rule 15c3-3. To of the Computation of Net Capital Under Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule Statements of Financial Condition with	le 15c3-3. respect to

CMZ Trading, LLC (An Illinois Limited Liability Company)

Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2007, and Independent Auditors' Report

(Filed Pursuant to Rule 17A-5 Under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934)

CMZ TRADING, LLC

Annual Report
For the Year Ended December 31, 2007
Table of Contents

Independe	nt Auditor's Report	
Financial S	Statements	
	Statement of Financial Condition	2
	Statement of Income	3
	Statement of Changes in Member's Capital	4
	Statement of Cash Flows	5
	Notes to Financial Statements	6-10
Supplemen	tary Information	
	Computation of Net Capital Computation of Reserve requirements	11-12
Independe	nt Auditor's Report on Internal Control Structure	14-15
Oath of Af	firmation	16

Robert Cooper & Co. CPAs P.C. 141 Jackson Blvd Suite 2045

Chicago, Illinois 60604 312-322-2238 Fax: 312-698-8722

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

To the Members: CMZ Trading, LLC

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of CMZ Trading, LLC as of December 31, 2007, and the related statements of income, changes in Members capital, and cash flows for the period ending December 31, 2007. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Members. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of CMZ Trading, LLC as of December 31, 2007, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I and II is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Robert Cooper & Company CR 'QC

February 25, 2008

CMZ Trading, LLC (An Illinois limited liability company) Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2007

Assets

Cash	\$ 89,334
Securities owned:	
Marketable securities, at market value	2,599,634
Options, at fair value	102,378,516
Total securities owned	104,976,149
Options on futures, at fair value	32,679,746
Accrued interest and dividend receivable	157,145
CBOT Lease deposit	4,394
Exchange membersips (at cost)	271,000
Preferred Stock	10,187
Total Assets	\$ 138,187,956

Liabilities and Member's Equity

L	ja	bil	liti	es

Total member's equity and Liabilities

Due from broker dealer	\$ 4,627,373
Securities sold short:	
Marketable securities sold short, at market value	3,567,345
Options sold short, at fair value	118,155,343
Open trade equity futures accounts	4,876,771
Accrued expenses payable	30,410
Dividend payable	158,885
Total liabilities	131,416,127
Member's equity	6,771,829

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement

\$ 138,187,956

CMZ Trading, LLC (An Illinois limited liability company) Statement of Operations For the year ended December 31, 2007

Revenues:		
Trading Equities revenue net of commissions	\$ -20,231,8	60
Trading futures revenue net of commissions	32,897,2	86
Interest and dividend income	1,123,6	i31
Total Revenue	13,789,0	57
Expensess:		
Interest expense	1,910,6	
Dividend expense	16,9	
Regulatory and other expenses	.9,1	
Seat lease	614,6	
Depreciation	51,4	
Trader fees	1,770,9	
Technology & information expenses	266,4	
Employee costs	463,5	i 31
Other operating expenses	416,8	
Total expenses	5,520,6	06

Net Income

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement

8,268,451

CMZ Trading, LLC (An Illinois limited liability company) Statement of Changes in Member's Equity For the year ended December 31,2007

Members Capital December 31, 2006	\$ 3,847,863
Capital contributions	
Capital withdrawals	(5,344,485)
Net income	8,268,451
Members Capital December 31, 2007	\$ 6.771,829

CMZ Trading, LLC (An Illinois limited liability company) Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended December 31, 2007

Cash Flows From Operating Activities:	
Net Income	\$ 8,268,451
Items not effecting cash flow to reconcile cash depreciation	51,454
Changes in assets and liabilities:	- • -
Increase in securities owned	(53,921,744)
Increase in receivable from brokers and dealers	1,032,027
Increase in accrued receivables	616
Increase in options on futures value	(32,679,746)
Increase in securities sold	78,112,384
Increase in futures ote	4,876,771
Increase in Dividend payable	3,203
Increase in accounts payable and accrued fiabilities	(90,544)
Net Cash used in operating activities	5,652,871
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:	
Purchase of fixed assets	(51,454)
Purchase of exchange membership	(221,000)
Purchase of preferred jbo stock	(187)
Net Cash used in investing activities	(272,641)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities	
Proceeds from capital contributions	0
Payments for capital withdrawals	(5,344,485)
Net cash provided by financing activities	(5,344,485)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	35,746
Cash at December 31, 2006	53,588
Cash at December 31, 2007	\$ 89,334
Interest expense paid in 2007	\$ 1,913,882
· ·	

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

NOTE 1 Organization

CMZ Trading, LLC (The "Company") was organized under the Uniformed General LLC Act of Illinois January 1, 2005. The business of the Company is to engage in the speculative trading of stock and stock options, for their own account on organized exchanges in the United States. CMZ Trading, LLC is registered as a Broker Dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and a member of the Chicago Board Options Exchange (CBOE). The Company is exempt from certain filing requirements under the Rule 15c3-1(a)(6) of the Securities and Exchange Commission, since the Company does not trade on behalf of customers, effects transactions only with other broker dealers, does not effect transactions in unlisted options and clears and carries its trading accounts with a registered clearing partner of the Exchange.

NOTE 2 Significant Accounting Policies

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

In the normal course of business, the Company enters into transactions in exchange traded securities, including options thereon which are used primarily to hedge certain proprietary securities and commitments. Proprietary securities transactions together with related revenues and expenses are recorded on trade date. Securities and options owned are reflected at market value with the resulting unrealized gains and losses reflected currently in income.

Income Taxes.

A Limited Liability Company does not pay federal income taxes. The Company is treated for Federal and State income taxes as if it was a partnership reporting their income under the Sub Chapter K provision of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. Each member is responsible for reporting their pro rata share of the profits or losses on their tax returns. The Company reports their income for taxes on a calendar year basis. The Company is subject to a 1.5% Illinois replacement tax.

Depreciation.

Depreciation is provided on a double declining balance following MACRS lives for all depreciable assets. The estimated useful lives are three years to five years for computers and related software. The Company writes off immediately all computer equipment.

Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the Company has defined cash equivalents as highly liquid investments, with original maturities of less than ninety days that are not held for sale in the ordinary course of business.

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

NOTE 3 Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Substantially all of the Company's assets and liabilities are considered financial instruments as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 107 and are either already reflected at fair values, are short-term or replaceable on demand. Therefore, except for the preferred stock ownership, their carrying amounts approximate their fair value.

NOTE 4 Securities Owned and Sold, but not yet purchased

Marketable securities owned and sold but not yet purchased consists of trading and investment securities at quoted market value, as illustrated below.

	Sold, net yet purchased
Options	\$118,155,343
Securities	\$3,567,345

NOTE 5 Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1) which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined shall not exceed 15 to 1 (and the rule of the applicable exchange also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1). Under this rule, the Company is required to maintain "minimum net capital" equivalent to \$100,000 or 6 2/3% of "aggregate indebtedness," whichever is greater, as these terms are defined. At December 31, 2007 the Company had net capital of \$5,564,659, which was \$5,464,659 in excess of its required net capital.

NOTE 6 Derivative Financial Instruments

Derivative financial instruments used for trading purposes, including economic hedges of trading instruments, are carried at market value or, if market prices are not readily available, fair value. Market values for exchange-traded derivatives, principally futures and certain options, are based on quoted market prices. Fair values for over-the-counter derivative financial instruments, principally forwards, options, and swaps, are based on pricing models intended to approximate the amounts that would be received from or paid to a third party in settlement of the contracts.

Derivatives used for economic hedging purposes include swaps, forwards, futures, and options. Unrealized gains or losses on these derivative contracts are recognized currently in the statement of income as trading revenues. The Company does not engage in activity in swaps or the forward market.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

NOTE 6 Derivative Financial Instruments (continued)

Financial Instruments and Fair Value of Financial Instruments," requires disclosures about the amounts, nature, terms and fair values of derivative financial instruments. The statements also requires that a distinction be made between financial instruments held or issued for trading purposes and financial instruments held or issued for purposes other than trading.

The Company invests in exchange traded options on stock and futures for speculative purposes. These contracts are marked to market daily and involve elements of market and credit risk. The Company's contracts are all exchange-traded whereas the options clearing corporation acts as the counter party of the specific transactions and, therefore, bears the risk of delivery to and from the counter parties.

The Company does not apply hedge accounting as defined in FASB Statement 133, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, as all financial instruments are marked to market with changes in fair values reflected in earnings. Therefore, the disclosures required in paragraphs 44 and 45 of the statement are generally not applicable with respect to these financial instruments.

Fair value of options contracts are recorded in securities owned or securities sold, not yet purchased, as appropriate. Fair value of options on futures and futures contracts are recorded as fair value of options on futures or open trade equity on futures as appropriate.

Premiums and unrealized gains and losses for written and purchased option contracts are recognized gross in the consolidated statement of financial condition.

NOTE 7 Financial Instruments Held or Issued for Trading Purposes

The Company trades in exchange trade equities, futures and options thereon. The following table summarizes the components of income from proprietary trading transactions and includes the class of financial instruments included.

Equity and futures trading (including equity shares, and options on stock) \$12,655,426.

The following amounts disclosed represent the market or fair value of derivative financial instruments at December 31, 2007, and the average market of fair value calculated based upon month end amounts, during the year for those instruments:

December 31,	Asset FMV	Liability FMV	Asset Average.	Liability
2007			FMV	Average FMV
Options	102,376,516	118,155,343	76,715,201	80,703,901
Options futures	32,679,746		26,852,110	
Open trade equity		4,876,770		

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

NOTE 8 Payables to Broker-Dealers

Payable to broker-dealers at December 31, 2007 consist of the following:

Broker-dealer \$4,627,373

The amount payable to broker-dealers is primarily from the buying of stock, futures and options thereon. The cash pays interest at the broker call rate less 75 basis points. The Company clears all of their transactions through another broker dealer pursuant to a clearing agreement on a fully disclosed basis. The amount payable to the clearing broker relates to the aforementioned transactions and is collateralized by securities owned by the Company.

At December 31, 2007, substantially all assets of the Company are deposited with the clearing broker.

NOTE 9 Concentrations of Credit Risk

The Company and its subsidiaries are engaged in various trading and brokerage activities in which counterparties primarily include broker-dealers, banks, and other financial institutions. In the event counterparties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counterparty or issuer of the instrument. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counter party.

NOTE 10 Guarantees

FASB Interpretation No. 45 (FIN 45), Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others, requires the Company to disclose information about its obligations under certain guarantee arrangements. FIN 45 defines guarantees as contracts and indemnification agreements that contingently require a guarantor to make payments to the guaranteed party based on changes in an underlying (security or commodity price, an index) related to an asset, liability or equity security of a guaranteed party. FIN 45 also defines guarantees as contracts that contingently require the guarantor to make payments to the guaranteed party based on another entity's failure to perform under an agreement as well as indirect guarantees of the indebtedness of others.

Exchange Member Guarantees

The Company is a member of various exchanges that trade and clear securities and/or futures contracts. Associated with its membership, the Company may be required to pay a proportionate share of the financial obligations of another member who may default on its obligations to the exchange. While the rules governing different exchange

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

Exchange Member Guarantees (Continued)

memberships vary, in general the Company's guarantee obligations would arise only if the exchange had previously exhausted its resources. In addition, any such guarantee obligation would be apportioned among the other non-defaulting members of the exchange. Any potential contingent liability under these membership agreements cannot be estimated. The Company has not recorded any contingent liability in the consolidated financial statements for these agreements and believes that any potential requirement to make payments under these agreements is remote.

NOTE 11 Commitments and Contingencies

The Company had entered into a 4 year lease agreements with the CBOT on June 28, 2004, which would require expenditures in future periods of the following. 6 months ending July 31, 2008 \$ 13,942. Rent paid in 2007 was \$26,712.

NOTE 12 Preferred Stock

The Company owns preferred in their broker dealer. The stock is unmarketable and is carried at cost, which is its approximate fair value. The stock pays a dividend.

NOTE 13 Exchange membership

The Company owns a Chicago Board of Trade (CBOT) Commodity Option Membership. And a Chicago Mercantile Exchange (CME) Index and Option Market membership. Both memberships are carried at cost.

NOTE 14 Subsequent events

During the month of January, the Company had capital contributions of \$1, 420,000 and capital withdraws of \$1,550,000 for a net draw down of \$135,000.

CMZ Trading, LLC (An illinois limited liability company) COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL PURSUANT TO UNIFORM NET CAPITAL RULE 15C3-1

December 31, 2007

Member's equity, December 31, 2007	\$	6,771,829
Less:		
Non allowable assets		-285,581
Commodity charges		-184,578
Haircuts		-737,011
Net capital	\$	5,564,659
Required net capital		100,000
Excess capital	\$	5,464,659
Evenes control @ 4000V	s	5,461,618
Excess capital @ 1000%	*	3,431,010

Note The above information on this schedule is in agreement, in all material respects, with the unaudited FOCUS Report, Part II filed by CMZ Trading, LLC as of December 31, 2007

CMZ Trading, LLC (An Illinois limited liability company) COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL PURSUANT TO UNIFORM NET CAPITAL RULE 15C3-1

December 31, 2007

COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS

Aggregate Indebtedness

Items included in the balance sheet:

Accrued liabilities

30,410

\$

30,410

Ratio: Aggregate Indebtedness to Net Capital

0.546484% to 1

Schedule II

CMZ Trading, LLC
(An Illinois limited liability company)
COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS
AND INFORMATION RELATING TO POSSESSION AND CONTROL
REQUIREMENTS PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-3

December 31, 2007

RESERVE COMPUTATION (See note below)

INFORMATION FOR POSSESSION AND CONTROL REQUIREMENTS (See note below)

Note: The Company, is exempt from Rule 15c3-3, it does not transact a business in securities with, or for, other than members of a national securities exchange and does not carry margin amounts, credit balances or securities for any person defined as a "customer" pursuant to Rule 17a-5(c)(4).

Accordingly, there are no amounts reportable under these sections.

Robert Cooper & Company CPAs P.C. 141 West Jackson Blvd. Suite 2045 Chicago, Illinois 60605 312-322-2238 Facsimile 312-698-8722

CMZ Trading, LLC Chicago, IL 60605

To the Members:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of CMZ Trading, LLC, (the Company), for the year ended December 31, 2007, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons
- 2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13.
- Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

CMZ Trading, LLC 2 February 25, 2008

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above. We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2007 meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Members, management, the SEC, Chicago Board Options Exchange, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Robert Cooper & Company CPAs P.C.

February 25, 2008

OATH OR AFFIRMATION REGARDING ACCURACY AND COMPLETENESS OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF FOR THE PERIOD ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2007

To the best of my knowledge and belief, the information contained herein is accurate and complete.

Charles Maylee Managing Member

